THE COURTS.

One of Colonel Thomas A. Scott's Railway Ventures.

SEEKING PAYMENT FOR RAILROAD IRON.

Another Influx of Motions in the Walker Divorce Suit

More Than a Fleabite for the Rechabites.

Some five years ago Colonel Thomas A. Scot. Thomas L. Jewett, John Duff, Andrew Carrigie, Oakes Ames, Gordon Dexter and others formed themselves nto an association known as the Davenport Railway Construction Company, for the purpose of building a road between Davenport, Iowa, and St. Paul, Minn. As such company they purchased from Drexel, Morgan & Co., Perkins, Livingston & Post, Jessup & Co., and other importers of railroad iron in this city, \$250,000 other importers of railroad iron in this city, \$250,000 worth on the promissory notes of the company, secured by its bonds for \$241,000. When the notes became due they were not paid. Then the creditors found that the notes were secured by a bond on the property of the railroad company, which was not in existence when the mortgage was executed, and that bonds for \$3,500,000 had been issued in Europe. A suit was brought by Jessup & Co. and the other parties named to compel the payment of the notes, and the case came to trial yesterday before Judge Sanford, of the Superior Court. On investigation plaintiffs found, as they hold, that there was a substantial failure of the defendants to comply with the statute of flows, regulating the formation of companies with only corporate liability for debts, and they hold that the defendants are jointy and severally liable. The defendants hold that failure to file a certificate of incorporation with the Secretary of State does not make them, like the members of the various express companies, liable individually. Although this question is the only one at issue the trial is one of the most important railroad suits that has been before the sourts for some time, and the likelihood is that it will secury several days.

THE WALKER DIVORCE SUIT. This cause has been since Monday on the day malendar, before Judge Van Brunt, in the Court of Common Pleas. Judgo Van Brunt rendered an opin-ion striking the case from the calendar yesterday, which defers the trial for the present. The wife in this case shows fight. Her counsel, Mr. John B. Perry, moved on Monday to strike the cause from the calendar on the ground that no reply had ever been served by the husband denying his alleged adulteries, and, therefore, that there was no issue to try. Yesterday Mr Perry noticed a motion for next week, before Judge Van Hoesen, that the husband be compelled to answer in the cross suit and that two sets of issues be framed by a referee, one set being the adultery issues and the other set being issues of fact and law. Ex-Recorder Smith now appears as counsel for the husband, with Mr. George W. McAdam, and he has been moving every day before Judge Van Hoesen to recover his lost ground. Dr. Walker has refused for three months to answer in the cross suit brought by the wife. Mr. Perry says both actions must be tried together, that the reason a cross adultery suit is ever brought is because in this State the wife cannot obtain a divorce unless she is a plantif; that where she is a defendant all the chances are with the husband, and he is without risk; that the wife here in her cross suit sets up the California statutes and a contract that if she succeeds in the action she wins \$500,000 and overla seven per cent income paying property, and not so much alimosy per week or year at all, and that the Doctor don't want to be under the risk of having to divide his property with nis wile in the event he fails in the action, and hence his struggle to try his own case and not try hers at all.

The orders to show cause go over to-day, and perhaps every day next week, before Judge Van Hoesen, at Chambers.

It is to be kept in mind in this litigation that the husband started it. The wife is on the defence, and

at Chambers.

It is to be kept in mind in this litigation that the husband started it. The wife is on the defence, and her counsel says there is no doubt that both cases will be tried before the same judge and jury, and at the same time, the verdict to be given in the action brought by the party whom the jury decides was the innoceat party. Mr. Purry has won every motion on this subject to far.

THE WRECKED RECHABITES. In Supreme Court, Special Term, before Judge Law-rence, there was commenced yesterday the trial of the suit of John Lafond and others vs. Henry W. Deems. The plaintiffs and defendants, of which there are about thirty-nine, are members of an organization called the "Washington Tent No. 1," of Rechabites, an association for benevolent and temperance puran association for benevolent and temperance purposes, and as such had accumulated a fund amounting to nearly \$5.000. The main portion of this fund is accumulated from rents and business ventures of the organization other than the object for which they were organized. In October, 1875, the plainting were elected trustees, and as such became entitled to the possession of the funds and all the property of the association, they having given bonds therefore, but the defendants, together with one Stackpole, who had been elected President or chief ruler, endeavored to outs the plaintiffs and served notices on the banks not to recognize them and forbidding a transfer of the funds. This and other dissensions and troubles has caused a wreck smong the "Recombites," by which title they also

dissolve the opening and dissolve the members.

John Lalond, the chief mover and trustee, was resterday examined. Ex-Judge Cowles appeared for plaintiffs, and Langbein Bros. for eleven defendants who joined with the plaintiffs Stewart & Towiey for other defendants.

SUITS ON WAREHOUSE BONDS. Suits have been begun in the United States Circuit Court against the following named firms and their sureties on warehouse bonds for balances of duties:—
3. Wendling, \$150; H. B. Ciafin & Co., \$1,625; Riva & 3. Wendling, \$150; H. B. Claffin & Co., \$1,625; Riva & Co., two suits, \$156; Hugh J. MacFarland, three suits, \$3.0; C. A. Spier & Co., three suits, \$110; Hexter & Hess, \$3,300; Westray, Gibba & Hardcastle, \$886; C. H. Boden, two suits, \$250; White & Ibbotson, \$1,60; R. C. Johnson, \$1,260; A. B. White, \$4,900; F. W. Lohman, two suits, \$4,600; A. Dubois, \$1,230; Levy & Burst, \$1,005; Leavrait & Co., \$1,004; G. Lamothe & Co., \$997; Carvallo & Stephens, \$702; Gudeville, Mayer & Co., \$928; H. G. Richards, \$1,638; Harvey Barnes, \$503; W. B. Cooper, Jr., \$527; Read Bros. & Co., \$934; Shackeilord, Haas & Co., \$1,433.

SUMMARY OF LAW CASES. There was a formal settlement yesterday of the order recently granted by Judge Donohue, allowing the ocker Street Railroad to be leased to the Twentythird Street Railroad Company.

Judge Donohue of the Supreme Court has appointed

ex-Judge Freedman receiver of the property of the In-dustrial Exhibition Company, at the instance of Peli-

torium and Raynor, judgment debtors. Before Judge Robinson, of the Court of Common Pleas, Henry D. Felter obtained yesterday a verdict of \$1.761 04 sgainst Mary Eliza Cooper, administratrixs on account of a lesso to her husband. The defence was that he was insane when he executed the lease,

In the United States District Court yesterday ten of the suits against Merrick Price resulted in Judge Blatch-lord ordering verdicts for the United States, the amount aggregating \$20,481 42. The case in which the surrety, Charles G, Hanks, was defendent was decuded against the government subject to the opinion of the

Court.

The suit brought by Charles E. Strong, receiver of the Atlantic National Bank, against Charles Tranor, to recover \$20,000, amount of bond which he gave for the faithful performance of the duties of cashier by his son, Mark L. Trainor, was yesterday concluded. Judge Lawrence, holding Supreme Court, Circuit, before whom the case was tried, directed a verdict for \$23,500 for the plaintiff, being the amount claimed with in-

Special Agent Sharratt, of the l'ost Office, received yeaterday a copy of a circular issued from the head-quarters of the sawdust swindlers of this city intended for those whose cupidity for gain distegards the criminality of the act by which they acquire the same. Bills to the amount of \$400 are offered for \$100 genume money, and purchasers of the "queer" are cautioned against sending their money through the mails. The circular bears no date and no signature, but accompanying it was a card of R. C. Hubbell, No. 113 Nassau street.

A large number of witnesses were examined yester-day by Judge Van Hoesen, in Special Term of the Court of Common Pleas, in connection with the trial of the suit brought by the Ninth Avenue Raifroad Company against the Greenwich Street Elevated Raifroad. Among the witnesses examined were Jacob Sharp, Superintendent of the Twenty third Street Raifroad; George Perry, Veterinary Surgeon, and Charles Johnson, of the Broadway and Twenty third street siage inc, testides various drivers on the plaintiffs' road. Their testimony was in corroboration of the allegations in the compiant.

paint.

Henry Rall, while riding some two years ago on the front platform of an Eighth avenue car, was hit on the ieg by a rock from a blast on the Boulevard. As the car was haited before reaching the flagman the city was considered the responsible party. A suit was accordingly brought against the city for damages. The case was tried yesteriary, before Judge Barrent, holding Supreme court, Circuit. The evidence showed that the plaintiff was isid up nine weeks on account of injuries, and a vertical for \$2,000 damages was given in his layor.

Surrogase convint to revoke the probate of the last will and testament of the deceased. It appears that the deceased, by her will, left the realty to her two sons and the personalty, composing the bulk of her property, to a charitable institution. Ex-Judge Curiss, in support of the motion, argued that the proof he had submitted showed incontestably that at the time of the making of the will the deceased was suffering from an illness severe and lingering to an extent that affected her menutal capacity and rendered her totally incompetent to make a will. After bearing counse in support of the validity of the will the Surrogate decided to open the decree and hear evidence de novo.

An order was entered in the Court of Common Pleas yesterday that a new calcular of the issues to be tried by a jury for the special terms of this Court be made up for October, 1876. The present calcular having been calcular entering through and every case upon it which was ready tried, the day calendars on the first Monday of October next will commence with the cases which are put for the lirst time upon the general estendar for the month of October. No cause on the present calendar will be piaced upon the new calendar unless a notice be filed with the clerk on or before the 18th day of September next, stating that the same has not been disposed of or settled, and specifying therein the date of issue and the number on the present calendar.

Causes on the present calendar which are marked "Reserved generally" or "Off for the term" will be so marked on the new calendar.

Mr. A. B. Darling, owner of the Twenty-third Street Opera House, leased the premises last January to R. M. Hooley for one year at \$10,000 reptat. Hooley relet the place to J. Wilkes Ford, but as neither paid any rent Mr. Darling instituted proceedings before Judge Callaban in the First District Court to disposess them. Mr. William H. Ricketts maintains having been placed in clarge of the box office under the product of the produce, and an order of disposession was given,

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT -- CHAMBERS.

By Judge Lawrence.

Brennan vs. Morris.—I wish to see counsel.

The Amoskess Savings Benk va The Brady's Bend
Iron Company.—I desire to see the counsel.

Hoe vs. Buckmaster; The Union Savings Institution
vs. Clark, and Phoenix vs. Dupuy.—Orders granted. SUPREME COURT-SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Larremore.

Grant and another vs. Cooper.—Findings and order SUPERIOR COURT-GENERAL TERM By Judges Sedgwick and Speir.

Browster vs. Baich.—Motion to permit the defendant to appeal to the Court of Appeals denied, with \$10 costs, by the Court.

SUPREME COURT-CIRCUIT-PART 2. By Judge Donohue.

Wardrop vs. Clatin et al.—Case recalled for reconderation and settlement.

COMMON PLEAS-SPECIAL TERM. By Judge Van Hoesen.
Fay vs. Binns.—Motion granted. Order to be re-

Devoc vs. Devoc. — Memorandum.
Gross vs. Hillabrand. — Default opened on terms.
Richardson vs. Browster. — See memorandum.
Schweitzer vs. Schweitzer. — Application for order of
publication denied.
Cooke vs. Charlick. — Order of reference granted.
The German Exchange Bank vs. Vogt. — See memorandum.

orandum.
Page et al. vs. Potter.—Memorandum for settlement of order.
Andrews vs. Harris.—See memorandum.
Diossy vs. Sister.—I think I have no power to order an extra allowance. Costa should, however, be awarded to defendant, Sister. MARINE COURT-CHAMBERS.

MARINE COURT—CHAMBERS.

By Judge McAdam.

Way vs. Crofut.—Decisions filed.
Norton vs. Campbolt.—Judgment for plaintiff.
Castel vs. Verbonereus.—Motion to continue injunction denied, without costs.

Pettiers vs. Fitzpatrick.—Costs. &c., taxed at \$69 88.
Seaman vs. Weish.—Motion denied, without costs.

Myers vs. Garson: Fluschhaur vs. Lany; McKenzie vs. Van Winckle; Jacob vs. Reih; Steinhart vs. Kieg; Herbst vs. Vichot; Bremsen vs. Horwitz: Cochrane vs. Grassmuck; Wills vs. Dexter; Ridley vs. Freel; Whrelan vs. Curtis.—Motions disposed of as per papers filed.

filed.

Gordon vs. McCahill.—Motion granted.

Bouland vs. Bogort.—Referred to J. W. Bissill, Esq.
Caldwell vs. Stoizenberg.—Motion to open default
granted.

Middleton vs. Wodicka—Proceedings dismissed.

Kinmally vs. Horgan.—Motion granted.

Bennett vs. Stead.—Judgment for plaintiff for
\$548.39.

GENERAL SESSIONS-PART L Before Judge Gildersleeve. AN OLD PRETENDER.

On the 28th of April last a man, about sixty years of age, representing himself to be William Hammond, retired sea captain, called at the furniture establish ment of Baxter & Co., in Canal street. He said he ment of Baxter & Co., in Canal street. He said he had just concluded the purchase of a house on Fifth avenue and desired to have it handsomely furnished. Two parfor suits, valued at \$775, were sent to the address mentioned. Meanwhile the Captain proceeded to Mrs. Dumsday's piano warerooms in East Ninth street and selected a piano, for which he was to pay by the menth. When application for payment was made at the house on Fifth avenue it was lound that the skipper had disappeared, and that all the furniture had been sold at auction. He was recently arrested, and tried yesterday on the charge of obtaining the piano under false pretences, and the jury having found him guilty he was sentenced to five years' imprisonment in the State Prison. He pleaded guilty to the other charge made against him, and was scutenced to eighteen months additional in the State Prison.

GENERAL SESSIONS-PART IL Before Judge Gildersleeve. HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

William Pitt and Thomas Le Strange were arraigned at the bar charged with having, on the night of the 24th of April last, assaulted and attempted to rob Frederick Luthy, at 124th street, Harlem. It appeared Frederick Luthy, at 124th street, Harlem. It appeared that Mr. Luthy was on his way home, and at the place mentioned was attacked by a gang and knocked down, when one of the assailants endeavored to take his diamond studs from the bosom of his sbirt. He struggled desperately and received several blows and kicka. At length a policeman's rap was heard, and the men jumping into a wagon fled, one of them firing twice at the complainant, who in turn fired at them. The prisoners were arrosted a few days alterward and identified by Mr. Luthy at the police station. Assistant D strict Attorney Bell appeared for the presecution and Mr. Mitchell for the prisoners. Several witnesses were examitted on the part of the defence to prove an alibi. The case is not concluded.

FIFTY-SEVENTH STREET COURT. Before Judge Kasmire. ALLEGED FORGERY.

Michael Fernen, of No. 10 Mulberry street, was committed on a charge of forgery to stund his trial at the General Sessions. His brother John is also implicated, up to last Saturday, in the service of Mrs. Julia Beach, of No. 309 Fifth avenue. On the 30th uit Michael, it is of No. 309 Fifth avenue. On the 30th all, Michael, it is alleged, presented himself at the confectionery store of Albert Saiter, No. 452 Third avenue, and obtained a dollar's worth of cake for Mrs. Beach, in payment for which he gave a check for \$31 on the Fifth Avenue Bank. The check had indersed upon it the name of Mrs. Beach. John received the \$30 in change and the cake and it was subsequently discovered that the check was a forgery. The prisoner, who is a boy of about fifteen years of age, denied his guilt.

A POLITICAL QUARREL. Thomas J. Crombie, a contractor, of No. 500 East Eighty-seventh street, applied on Wednesday atternoon to Judge Rasmire for a warrant for the arrest of ex-Senator Hugh H. Moore, who he charged had assaulted him without provocation, on Tuesday last, on the stairs of the Hariem Court House. The Court refused to issue a warrant, but ordered Officer Hitchcock to notify issue a warrant, but ordered Officer Hitchcock to notify Mr. Moore to come to court yesterday morning at nine o'clock. The ex-Senator was not at home on Wednesday night when the officer called, but yesterday morning at an early hour he was, and sent word from his bed that he would be present in court at the hour named. Having lailed to keep his word an order was issued to Officer Hitchcock by the Court for his immediate arrest. He came voluntarily to court, however, but the Judge had left the bench, and he again left. He returned in the alternoon, accompanied by Jerome Buck as counsel. The complainant not being present the examination was postponed for two weeks and the Senator was discharged on the responsibility of his counsel.

weeks and the Schator was discharged on the responsibility of his counsel.

Those who should know state that the cause of the trouble between Mr. Moore and Mr. Crombte is the fact that the latter has superseded Mr. Moore in the leadership of the Tammany Committee of the Twenty-first Assembly district. Mr. Moore sent his resugnation as chairman of this committee and as member of the Committee on Organization to John Kelly some weeks ago, and it was accepted, to his great astonishment, He thinks Crombie was the chief cause of his over-throw.

Selim Marks, of No. 256 West Thirty-ninth street, a real estate agent, has a son twenty-eight years of age, of whose morality he has evidently but a poor opinion. This son is an intimate friend of W. Phillips, publisher of a directory, and he has often taken Mrs. Phillips to

the case, boping that the parties would come to a better understanding. Marks did not want the case published, but Philips said he had no objection provided his directory was mentioned. By the way, he presented a copy of it to the Court.

POLICE COURT NOTES.

Officer Draffin, of the Tenth precinct, yesterday after-noon found a notorious sneak thief named John Murphy, of Monroe street, in the apartments of Mrs. Murphy, of Monroe street, in the apartments of Mrs. Lona Kerlau, No. 278 East Houston street, forcing open the bureau. He attempted resistance, but surrendered on being clubbed. In his possession were found a lady's sealskin cap and bos and an account book of one Roth with J. L. & F. Kuntz, brewers, of 116th street, Morrisania. Murphy was hold for trial.

George Lesser, a lad tweive years old, of No. 330 East Sixth street, was committed for trial at the Essex Market Court yesterday for attempting to pass a forged check for \$31 on Mr. Charles Koch, of No. 119 East Houston street. He said he was given the check by a man in Second avenue.

At the Washington Place Police Court Frederick Mousier, of Spring street, was held for trial for stealing a gold watch, value \$160, from John Leischer while visiting the latter at his residence, No. 40 Dominick street, last February.

Officer Frederick Ringler, of the Fourth precinct, who on Saturday night last brutally clubbed Mrs. Catharine O Bonnell, of No. 434 Pearl street, and her son and daughter, Hugh and Mary O'Donnell, was arraigned before Justice Murray at the Tombs yesterday and was committed to answer two charges of assault, the bail being fixed in each case at \$600. Captain Alexanders. Williams, of the Fourth precinct, was accepted as surety for Ringler's appearance.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CRAMBERS—Held by Judge Donohue.—Nos. 76, 77, 111, 112, 113, 116, 118, 150, 157, 162, 164, 177, 192, 193, 194, 197, 200, 236, 237, 242, 243, 252, 255, 291, 305, 306, 316, 317, 319, 320, 322, 323.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TREEM—Held by Judge Larremore.—Law and fact—Nos. 309, 97, 200, 367, 410, 411, 223, 376, 241, 374, 370, 387, 398, 214, 420, 278, 279, 173, 174, 517, 518, 587, 31, 34, 503.

SUPREME COURT—CRICIT—Part 1—Held by Judge Barrett.—Short causes—Nos. 2233, 1349, 13614, 2659, 2961, 2771, 2967, 2900, 2838, 2790, 3010, 2947, 2679, 1904, 2592, 1397, 2703, 2005, 2907, 2825, 2941, 2815, 3118.

Part 2—Held by Judge Van Vorst.—Short causes—Nos. 1668, 2730, 1058, 2630, 2468, 2022, 3016, 2990, 2772, 2956, 2953, 3006, 2728, 15045, 2252, 2818, 2832, 2742, 2032, 2034, 2834, 3142, 3200, 205, 2825, 2826, 3204, 3203, 2713, 3183, 3178, 3162, 3228, Part 3—Held by Judge Larremore,—Short causes—Nos. 3015, 15135, 2809, 2775, 2007, 2843, 2750, 2700, 2757, 2773, 2897, 3223, 3119, 3111, 3193, 3190, 3107, 2873, 16054, 3061, 5225, 2929, 3227, 3147, 3129, 3101, 2611.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPRCIAL TREM—Held by Judge Senford,—Nos. 1 and 2 Issues of fact—Nos. 41, 9, 46, 54, 47.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TREM—Part 1—Held by Judge Sanford,—Nos. 2027, 1113, 1074, 1135, 1072, 1112, 1032, 1090, 1136, 737, 1042, 1054, 1142, 1154, 12016. Part 2—Held by Judge Sanford,—Nos. 2027, 1113, 1074, 1135, 1072, 1112, 1032, 1090, 1136, 737, 1042, 1054, 1149, 1156, 1159, 1788, 1000, 1005, 608, 1110, 838, 454, 1046, 1154, 1366, 1159, 1162, 1163.

COMMON PLEAS—EQUITY TERM—Held by Judge Van Hoesen,—Nos. 4, 28, 30, 27, 40, 19, 1, 6, 8, 23, 34 COURT CALENDARS-THIS DAY.

1163.

COMMON PLEAS—EQUITY TERM—Held by Judge Van Hoesen.—Nos. 4, 28, 30, 27, 40, 10, 1, 6, 8, 23, 34.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—PART 1.—Helo by Judge Robinson.—Nos. 706, 2281, 2163, 2164, 1603, 1854, 2337, 461 \(\) 2504, 2523.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part 1—Held by Judge Alker.—Nos. 4191, 4295, 4221, 3603, 7692, 7731, 7812, 7008, 7883, 7719, 4286, 446, 4395, 4168, 3375. Part 2—Held by Judge Sheridan.—Nos. 3749, 7749, 399, 2234, 1080, 7743, 7782, 7883, 7892, 4116, 4245, 3583, 4240, 5341, 6410.

QUEENS COUNTY OYER AND TER-MINER.

in the Queens County Court of Oyer and Terminer William C. Fowler, alias "Bullwagen" indicted for killing Samuel Schenck, at Roslyn, pleaded guilty of manslaughter in the third degree and was sentenced to two years in the State Prison.

Jeremiah Reynolds, for bigamy, was sentenced to one year in the Kings County Pentientiary. one year in the Kings County Pentientiary.

The parents of Mary McCarra, four years old, living at Long Island City, sued the Long Island Railroad Company for \$3,000 damages for having caused the child's death by running over her. The company interposed the plea of carelessness on the part of the parents in permitting such a young child to run at large without a protector, and alleged that she had not died of the injuries, but from disease. The jury allowed plaintifs \$250.

died of the injuries, but from disease. The jury allowed plaintiffs \$250.

Yesterday the taird trial in the case of Gomein against the Long Island RailroadCompany, for running against a carriage at the Woodbury creesing and killing two persons, some two or three years ago, was in

COURT OF APPEALS.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 8, 1876. No. 186. Sage vs. Woodin.—Argument resumed and

No. 106. Edmund H. Watkins, appellant, vs. Timethy
D. Wilcox and others, respondents.— Argued by D. D.
Haliday, for appellant; Marcus Lyon for respondents,
No. 228. Daniel S. Roed and another, respondents,
vs. Nicholas H. Decker, appellant.—Argued by S.
Hand, for appellant; D. S. Morell for respondent.
No. 54. Daniel Day, respondent, vs. the Mayor, &c.,
of New York, appellant.—Argued by D. J. Dean, for
appellant, and by William L. Findley for respondent.
CALENDAR FOR FRIDAY.
Nos. 31, 44, 57, 63, 62, 219, 132 and 226.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT

The Supreme Court of the United States have ren-

dered opinions in the following cases:—
The Rule in Equity as to the Restraint of the Collection of
Taxes—State Authority over Raitroads within Their
Review. The Rule of Construction.

No. 702. Issae Taylor, Collector of Peoria County, et al., appellant, va. James F. Secor and William Tracy, and Nos. 701 and 703.—Appeals from the Circuit Court for the Northern District of Illinois.—The three cases whose titles stand at the head of this opinion are appeals from decrees enjoining the appellants from the collection of taxes assessed by the proper officers of the State of Illinois against three several railrond companies, organized under the laws of that State, and doing business in it. The plaintiffs in the first named of the above suits are mortgagees of the theology Peoria cases the complainants are stockholders of the respective companies whose interests they representative companies whose interests they representative organized and Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad Company in No. 701. and the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad Company in No. 702. The set of the Legislature of Illinois of March 30, 1872, under which the taxes complained of were assessed, makes special provisions for the taxton of railroads and other corporations, the main feature of which is the purpose of leaving to each county, city and town the power of assessing for iaxation what is properly local in the same manuer that other similar property is taxed in that municipality, and at the same time to subject to like taxation, on some fair busils, that which is not in its nature so clearly local, but which, by reason of its being appurtenant or sucident to railroads and other cross the length of the road runs. The theory of the system is maniformed to the road runs. The theory of the system is maniformed to the state of the countries, towns and clies through which my part of the road runs. The theory of the road. The principal road of the state of the countries towns and clies through which my part of the road runs of the state of the valuations to be made was as follows:—

The capital sock of all companies and associations now or hereafter created under the valuations to be made and principles of the countries of

tion, and a rule which ascertains the value of all this by ascertaining the cash value of the lunded deot and of the shares of the capital stock as the basis of assessment is probably as fair as any other. Deducting from this the assessed value of all the tangible real and personal property which is also taxed, leaves the real value of the capital stock and franchises subject to texation as justly as any other mode, all modes being more or less imperiect. It is neither in conflict with the constitution of Illinois nor inequitable that the suttre taxable property of the railroad company should be ascertained by the State Board of Equalization, and that the State, county and city taxes should be collected within each municipality on this assessment, in the proportion which the length of the road within the State. The scient of the Board of Equalization in increasing the assessed value of a railroad company or an individual above the return made to the Board does not require a notice to the party to make it valid, and the courts cannot substitute their judgment as to such valuation for that of the Board. The Supreme Court of the State of Illinois having decided that the law complained of in these cases is valid under her constitution, and having construct the statute, this Court adopts the decision of that Court as a rule to be followed in the lederal courts, Mr. Justice Miller delivered the opinion.

ALABAMA CLAIMS.

MEETING OF THE COURT OF COMMISSIONERS-PROBABLE FURTHER EXTENSION OF THE

WASHINGTON, June 8, 1876.

The Court of Commissioners of Alabama Claims met yesterday, pursuant to adjournment, and at once took up cases/embraced in the new calendar. The presiding Judge announced, in connection with the cases now before the Court, that "the Court proposes to call up on each day twenty cases, and if business enough for the day is found in the call the cases will be presented

the day is found in the call the cases will be presented and disposed of. If not sufficient business for the day should result from the call any other case will be taken up out of its order if the counsel should be ready and agreed. "

The Court then proceeded in the call of twenty cases, but not one case within the call was ready. By agreement it was decided to hear on Friday next the reargument in the case of the Brunswick, destroyed by the Shenandoah, June 28, 1865.

No other business being ready, the Court adjourned. The time limited by Congress for filing claims expired on Tuesday. The whole number of claims filed reaches 666, which will render impossible the completion of the Court before the 22d of July, the time to which the Court, pending the admission of new cases, will be further extended. This will be advantageous to all the cases, as it will allow further time for the war premium and insurance claims to gain admission.

THE SPRAGUE, HOYT & CO. FAILURE. REFEREE'S REPORT ON THE CLAIMS AGAINST THE FIRM-LIST OF THE AMOUNTS ALLOWED AND

THE PARTIES TO WHOM ALLOWED. Mr. William P. Dixon, who was appointed by the Su-preme Court referee in the suit of the Berkshire Woollen Company against Augustus Juillard, receiver of Sprague, hoyt & Co., the quondam great Rhode Island mill operators, yesterday filed his report in the County Clerk's office. The referee reports that the aggregate of claims against the bankrupt firm amounts to \$5,000,000, that but \$3,345,469 49 of these claims have been allowed, that he has now in his hands \$1,320,000, reserving a sum sufficient to make a dividend upon claims not yet proved and allowed, and sufficient to cover all estimated special demands. He can, out of this balance, pay to those creditors whose claims have been proved and allowed a dividend of ten per cent on the amount of their respective claims.

the amount of their respective claims. The following is a list of the claims allow will give some idea of the extensive operation.	ed, which
drm:-	\$5,750 9
The following is a list of the chims allow will give some idea of the extensive operation— Irm—— Slapper & Sternile	11,452 0 17,266 3 981 1
M. & S. C. Ridpath	981 1 410 4 5 720 7 17,186 5
Biddeford National Bank	17,186 5 5,004 8
Union Mutual Insurance Company	5,004 8 5,004 8 5,689 7 5,747 8
Rotland County National Bank	5,755 6
National Broadway Bank	5,758 4 7,765 5
National Broadway Bank	5,707 0
Gershon P. Kenyon.	5.747 9 58,222 3
James L. Morgan & Co. Journey & Leyman	5,758 4 7,785 5 5,707 0 5,707 0 28,729 9 5,747 9 58,222 3 2,689 0 10,038 4 87,857 4 5,759 4 14,964 3 10,832 6
Executors of Richard M. Blatchford	87,807 00 5,759 4
Merchants' Havings Bank	14,964 3 10,832 6
Union Oil Company	709 5 8,400 8 2,952 7
Amus Perry Fred M. Balou	1,284 8 5,005 7
J. A. Adams	2,291 8 5,740 2 5 607 1
Sam. V. Hoffman Phenix Savings Bank	11,465 5 5,005 7
Phenix National Bank The Coventry Savings Bank	5,005 1 10,728 1 23,596 4 32,076 6
Henry A. Cory. National Eagle Bank.	2,418 5 59,268 3 45,752 1 5,877 2
Merchants National Bank of Providence, R. I	45,752 1 5,877 2
William B. Kimball	5,786 (2,857 7 5,753 7
John Read, Jr. National State Capital Bank	5,753 7 5,692 1
Rhode Island Institution for Savings	5,692 1 5,710 0 32,578 8 5,005 7
National Bank of Wrentham	5,00 7 5,005 7
William F. Andrews. Horace K. Blanchard.	5,726 2 2,855 0 6,794 7
Charles A. Harris	2,277 4 2,502 8 5,613 8
Mr. J. Lewis Pawtucket Mutual Fire Insurance Company	5,613 8 17,047 8 13,461 0 70,336 0
Sinn Rock National Bank	70,386 0
First National Bank of Newport, R. I	2,844 8 6,885 8 11,497 1 9,165 5
Monument Milis.	11,468 7 5,680 7 10,011 5
stafford National Bank Mozument Miles Natuonal Bank of Butland. M. S. Mora & Go. The People's Savings Bank of Providences. New Haven Trust Company, Commercial and Farmers' National Bank	10,011 5 65,074 7
New Haven Trust Company. Commercial and Farmers' National Bank	5,746 2 3,388 1
Schalle Bros. New York Life Insurance and Trust Company	16,864 8 11,530 9
Mechanics National Bank	11,490 1 11,238 4 5,004 8
Thompson National Bank Citisens' Savings Bank	5,697 B
Phoenix National Bank First National Bank of Putzum, Conn	29,686 10 10,000 7
John Harney Thomas Wilson	23,623 4
Thorne, Watson & Co. Issac M. Potter	5,765 4 13,610 9
Courtlandt P. Field & Co	5,712 9 28,567 6
George Mobies Kenyon & Coon	5,720 7 5,144 0
W. H. Seagrave.	5,034 8
First National Sank of Smithfield	5,706 25 3,426 50
Henry C. Bowen.	2,277 M
John R. Bartiett	10 765 40 14,816 40
Joseph Dean Daniel Weaver.	2,503 74 2,503 74
Charles W. Mcore	10,011 5: 5,752 8i
Pase County National Bank	11,511 55
Justin A. Bilss. Taunton National Rank	1,318 8 25,825 17
William ti, Henderson. Leon V. Gallagher	3,415 56 11,474 20 150 300 74
Butchers and Drovers' Bank. National Whaling Bank of New London	5,602 07 11,450 10
Berian C. Kenyon	3,456 40
Mary B. Seagreee.	5,004 80
Ephraim S. Jackson	2,280 00 5,005 70
A. G. Stillwell Fifth National Bank	10,000 00 5,000 7
Mary Pierce Nicholas N. Spink	5,708 9s
Wateford Savings Bank. Wateford National Bank.	22,204 57 22,207 75 6,507 50
Kenyon & Coon	5,743 40
City Savings Bank of Providence 1,7	5, 105 76 5, 105 76
Zeives Jonks. Cranson G. Craudall	3,000 40 1,001 14
George S. Moniton, Executor.	5,712 13
Second National Bank of Cooperstown	5,725 55 25,024 10
William Heiler. New York State National Bank	5,758 30
Abiol B. Marks	5,004 80
Savings Bank of Danbury	5,704 11
National Bank of Builand. M. S. Mora & Go. The People's Savings Bank of Providence, New Haven Trust Company, Commercial and Parmars' National Bank. Rutus Sargent. Nebalie liros. New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, Mechanics' National Bank. N. Keliogy. John F. Mauran. Thompson National Bank Clitisens' Savings Hank Plrent's National Bank Clitisens' Savings Hank Plrent's National Bank Plrent's National Bank Clitisens' Savings Hank Plrent's National Bank Plrent's National Bank Clitisens' Savings Hank Plrent's National Bank Co. George Mobley Kenyon & Coon Henry F. Smith W. H. Seagrave Harriett K. Simmons First National Bank of Warren Henry U. Bowen Harriett K. Simmons First National Bank of Warren Henry U. Bowen James C. Bidden Lebenerer Carpenter Jone Bartiett Joseph Dean Dantel Wavee Henry Pearce Clideon L. Spencer Charles W. Macre Lery Yearce Charles W. Macre Lery A. Atkins Berian C. Kenyon Manufacturers' National Bank Warlend National Bank Mary H. Seagree Linion Savings Bank Mary Flerce National Bank Mary Hences National Bank Mary Hences Walliam Heller New York tate National Bank Walliam Heller New York tate National Bank Walliam Heller New York tate National Bank Weller Walliam Heller New York tate National Bank Weller Walliam Heller New York tate National Bank Weller W	11,440 He
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	Windham Cotton Manufacturing Company	97,005
g	Northern Bank	6,279
9	Philip N. Des no	5.708
g	Hanover National Bank	15,740
ñ	Joseph Faulkner	5,75 4,245
a	Daniel H. Mills	10,601
Ø	Edwin G. Angell	2.854
9	Louis G. Snider	3,168
9	Lydia F. Kendail	2 865 1
i	Frederick J. Conant	11,465
g	Centreville National Bank of Warwick	5.005.5
g	National Bank of Royalton	5,005 5 21,306 5 25,624 6
g	Producish & King	2,001 1
8	John L. Dodge	3 026 7
g	James L. Brumley	801 8
ã	Central Bank of Westchester County, N. V.	0.757 3
3	New York National Exchange Bank	1,040 £ 5,757 7 4,177 0
8	Kunyan Putter & Co.	0,131 8
g	Townsend & Montaut	5,001 F 8,703 7 5,708
ĕ	George L. Straiton & Co	8,703 7
Ø	Windham Cotton Manufacturing Company Northern Bank Thomas Phillips & Co Phillip & Des ng Hanover National Bank Joseph Fanikner George F. Adee Daniel H. Mills Edwin G. Angell Louis G. Snider John F. Agnewetal Lydia F. Kendadi Ly	
8	A. Hoffman & Co	1500
ã	Berkshire Woollen Company	81 500 a
ı	John Foster	34,020 €
8	Charles E. Latimer, Trustee, &c.	5,718 6 81,539 2 34,020 6 13,264 4 5,747 5
z	Stephen A Aldrich	
9	R. W. Watson	5,714 s 11,293 d 3,013 d
g	Charles W. Holbrook	3.013 4
8	Mary J. Lewis	5,014
a	Josiah W. Plahardson	6,617
8	John P. Campbell	1,501 4 16,397 8
9	John P. Campbell & Co	16,397 5
8	City National Bank of Providence	18,772 / 0,754 9,002 :
8	First National Bank of Bristol	2,002 :
z	William W. Paine	2,846 (2,971 5 5,005 7
8	Samuel W. Church	5,005 7
8	P. W. Arnold	2.00 1 5 5.755 1 10,807
ø	Alber G. Lowry	10,307
a	Lavinia Lowry	
8	James M. Campbell	5,092 7 42,810 1
	John F. Eppetshelmer	
8	Charles H. Smith	5,973 5 9,453 1 56,400 1 11,455 6 10,710 6 5,707 1 5,001 8 10,011 6
ij	National Mechanics' Bank	56,100 1
9	Rhode I-land Union Bank	10,710 6
8	William B. Stafford	5,707 1
9	Adminstrators of D. F. Swinburn	10.011 6
8	Bristol County National Bank	5,602 (5,731 3
ĕ	Newart City National Bank	20 010 2
J	icorge L. Straiton & Co. J. M. Marieston & Co. Levi Hey. A. Hofman & Co. John Niegel Berkshire Woollen Company John Foster Charles E. Latimer, Trustee, &c. First National Bank of Middlelown, Conn. Stephen & Aldrich. R. W. Watson Wanton Durfee Charles W. Holbrook. Mary J. Lewis Jra Bosta Jostal W. Hichardson John F. Campbell & Co. Second Na Ional Hank of Providence Charles W. Holbrook Mary J. Lewis John F. Campbell & Co. Second Na Ional Hank of Providence First Notional Hank of Providence Hanuah B. Smith P. W. Arnold Alber G. Lowy. Lavinia Lower Lavinia Lower Kedwin A. Smith James M. Campbell John F. Eppetshelme Matthew Brooks Charles H. Smith National Machanies Bank Frist can Republicate the Strain William B. Stafford New England Commercial Bank Administrators of D. F. Swinburn Bristol County National Bank Navars City National Bank Navars City National Bank Navars City National Bank Administrators of D. F. Swinburn Bristol County National Bank Navars City National Bank Navars City National Bank Anerican National Bank of Providence New First National Bank of Providence North Research Western National Bank of Providence Nathan B. Waldron Wickson Wightman & Co. T. R. White & Co. T. R. White & Co. T. R. White & Co.	20 019 2
	Joel Symonds	5,005 7 10,011 5 20,016 8 5,005 7 5,005 7
ı	Phillip N. Harkins	20,010 8
8	Greenwich National Bank	5,005 7
3	American National Bank of Providence	40,048 6
a	W. A. Robinson & Co	
ı	First National Bank of Yonkers	0.754 5
8	Paris Hill.	26,128 2
8	Whitingelle National Bank of Portsmouth	15 014 8
8	James A. Brown.	14, 74 9
ij	Whitinsville National Bank James A. Brown. Mechanics' National Bank of Providence Nathan B. Waldron. Wa'dron, Wightman & Go. T. R. White & C. C. E. hitker William Bullock First National Bank of Warwick N. V.	5,000 F 1, 20 5 5,752 5 26,128 2 5,501 8 15,014 8 14, 74 9 20,518 0 6,807 7
H	Wa'dron, Wightman & Co	6,857 7 5,789 8
Ø	T. R. White & C.	20.010
ø	William Butlock	5.005 7
ø	First National Bank of Warwick, N. Y	17,217 7
g	York County Savings Bank	17,217 7 112, 43 6 5,695 4
Ø	William Bullock First National Bank of Warwick, N. V. Eliza H. Green. York County Savings Bank Globe National Bank of Providence	50,0N7 e
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ı	RING RULE IN WESTCHES	STER.
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TRUSTEES DIVIDING AWAY THE TOWN'S PROP-ERTY-THE DEEDS SET ASIDE AND THE GUILTY PARTIES INDICTED. How the Ring thieves of Westchester were made to

disgorge the property plundered from the town was ex-emplified in a suit in the Supreme Court, held by Judge Barnard, at White Plains, the town of Westchester eing the plaintiff and William Cooper, John Tighe, Joon H. Davis and others the defendants. The cause of action is set forth at large in the plaintiff's complaint, and, from the statements therein set forth, it appears that the town of Westchester and the Trustees sion of certain valuable real estate situated in the town and that this real estate was held by the town of Westchester for the purposes of supporting the free schools and maintaining a causeway and mill for the use of all the inhabitants of the town. In the spring of 1874 the defendants, John H. Davis and John Tighe, together with one Daniel McGroery, were elected Trustees of the town. McGroery, not reisibling the programme laid out by his two fellow Trustees, resigned his office and would have nothing to do with them. The vacancy occasioned by this resignation never was filled, but the two remaining Trustees immediately constituted themselves into a corporation and called themselves "the Trustees of the town of Westchester," composed of only two persons, themselves and no more, showing a total disregard of the somewhat familiar rele "that three in number are requisite to make a corporation aggregate." Davis and Tighe immediately proceeded to business. They went out of the town of Westchester, although the law requires that their meetings shall be held in the Town Hail of Westchester, although the law requires that their meetings shall be held in the Town Hail of Westchester, although the law requires that their meetings shall be held in the Town Hail of Westchester, although the law requires that their meetings shall be held in the Town Hail of Westchester, although the law requires that their meetings shall be held in the law requires that their meetings shall be held in the law requires that their meetings shall be held in the law requires the law statement of the town to their few select friends and relatives. The consideration expressed in the deed, none having been ever actually paid, was merely nominal. For example, they deeded and conveyed the property known as the Mill property and all the right to the Westchester Creek to their codelenant Cooper or the sum of \$1,000, and at the same time loaned to the grant and and the right to the Westchester of what is known as the Bridge Hill property was conveyed for the sum of \$200, when, in fact and in trink, the same property was conveyed for the sum of \$200, when, in fact and in the law state of the west of the same of the case was reported to the police of the Twellth precipitation of the property was worth \$5,000. This nephew never took possession of the property was reported to the police of the Twellth precipitation of the property was worth \$5,000. This nephew never took possession of the property was reported to the police of the Tweltth precipitation of the property was conveyed for the sum by this resignation never was filled, but the

did, clearly showing the fraud that the frustee sold to himself and not to the nephew, and in this manner these two Dromios of West-hester managed in one night to divest the town of all its property.

Last year the people elected a new set of Trustees—Messrs. Waters. Mapes and Baisley, three reputable and honest freeholders—and, as the saying is, they stripped and went for Davis and Tighe and their grantees named in the deed. The town officers promptly took measures to punish these fellows. The matter was immediately placed in the hands of Edmon Blankman and Jackson O. Dykman, now Judge Dykman. These gentlemen at once filed a bill in equity against all these parties to have the deeds of conveyance set usude. The causes came on to be heard first at Special Term and afterward at General Term, before the full Bench, who heard the arguments presented by Edmon Blankman in behalf of the town to have the deeds declared void. The defendants were represented by Judges Gifford and Hunt. The Court, after bearing both sides, prompily rendered its decision declaring all these deeds absolutely void and directed judgment to be entered at Special Term in conformity with this decision. Yesterday, at White Plans, the Supreme Court ordered the Judgment to be entered against all the defendants, and directed the Register of Deeds for the county to mark the record of these frauduent conveyances and deeds, "Cancelled, void, and of no force or effect." The judgment also directs that the defendants shall pay costs and extra allowance, and that they forthwith account for the tents, issues and prodits arising from said property, and that the lands and property be forthwith returned to the town of Westchester, thus setting an example to evideors. The Grand Jury of the county have also found a true bill of indictment against these would-be Trustees because of their misconduct in office in making these fraudulent conveyances and for fraudulentity appropriating the money and property of the town, and they will now be tried upon this indictme

ROBBED BY EMPLOYES.

Goodwin & Co., the tobacco manufacturers of Nos. 207 and 209 Water street, who employ from 1,000 to 1,500 hands, have, during the just seven months, missed large quantities of their stock. The case was placed in the hands of Detective Jackson, of the Fourth presenct, who yesterday arrested Charles Baker, one of the workmen, and found ten pounds of

Baker, one of the workmen, and found ten pounds of tobacco on his person. On searching Baker's rooms at No. 41 Hister street the detective found a large trunk completely filled with the choicest tobacco. Baker was held for trial at the Tombs yesterday afternoon. Other arrests are expected in the case.

Special Detective Britton, of the Post Office Department, yesterday morning arrested Joseph Deboe, a boy, seventeen years old, for robbing his employers, Hostord & Co., of No. 50 Cedar street, of \$500 worth of pocketbooks, gold pens and o.her laney articles. The prisoner, on being arraigned before Justice Murray at the Tombs yesterday, confessed his gult and said he had sold the stoten property in various stores, and to a bartender named Tooley and a doorkeeper at the Thirty-fourth Street Theatre, named Melville, for almost nothing. He was held for trial.

VELTMANN'S ALLEGED FORGERY.

William F. Veltmann, the bookkeeper of Messra. Bryce & Smith, bquor merchants, No. 83 Front street, who is charged with forgery, was arraigned before Justice Murray, at the Tombs, yesterday morning, by offi-cer Finn, of the Broadway squad. Mr. Allen J. Apgar, cashier of the Merchanta' Exchange National Bank, testified that on Wednesday Veltmann called at the bank and presented the following checks for deposit to the credit of Bryce & Smith :- One of Jones & Smith for \$3,250 75; James R. Bennett, for \$4,750 30; one of

Brooklyn, and was not nuitly. Detectives Reilly and Von Gerichten, of the Central Office, are searching for the man Leith, to whom Veitmann is supposed to have given the certified check, as it was not found in his possession when arrested by Officer Funn.

FIGHT IN A BROADWAY RESTAU-BANT.

A fight occurred in the restaurant, No. 294 Broadway, yesterday afternoon, between the proprietor, Gabriel L. Loewenthal, and one of his wasters, Charles Stockman, ot No. 116 Hester street, during the course of which the latter was struck on the head with a beer glass and badly cut. Mr. Loewenthai, on being arraigned before Justice Murray at the Tombs, stated that Stockman, while drunk, insulted himself and wife, and that he acted strictly in self-defence. He gave \$500 bail to appear for trial at Special Sessions.

BASE INGRATITUDE.

A year ago Mrs. Catherine Bowers, a widow lady residing at No. 430 East Eleventh street, found John Krauss, aged thirteen, running argund the street Krauss, aged thirteen, running argund the street parentiess, ragged and hungry. She took him under her protection. Icd. clothed him and kept him in her house to run small errands. On May 27 he disappeared, as also did a gold watch and chain, value \$160, which had belonged to the late Mr. Bowers. Officer Erken, of the Thirteenth precinct, who arrested the lad on Wednesday night, informed Judge Bixby, at the Essex Market Court yesterday, that he had received information that the prisoner had sold the watch and chain for \$1. Master Krauss was held for trial.

THE BOY HOMICIDE.

Coroner Woltman held an inquest yesterday morning, at the Fifth precinct station house, in the case of Frederick Lawier, the boy of fourteen years of age, who was stabbed and instantly killed by Andrew Moore, of about the same age, last Friday atternoon. Several witnesses were examined. Patrick Kerwin testified that Lawlor were examined. Fatrick Kerwin testified that Lawlor struck the prisoner over the head with a piece of tar rooting paper, and that the latter said:—"I don't want you to do that again." The deceased walked over to Moore in the attitude of striking, when the latter pulled out a knile with which he stebbed Lawyer.

The jury brought in a verdict that Lawyer's death was the result of a stab wound inflicted by Andrew Moore. The prisoner, by advice of counsel, reserved his statement.

CORONERS AND POLICE JUSTICES.

In reply to Coroner Eickhoff's answer to the letter sent him by Justice Kasmire some time ago, Justice sent him by Justice Kasmire some time ago, Justice Kasmire yesterday addressed a final note to Coroner Eickhoff. The Justice thought that the question at issue was not understood by the Coroner, for it was ignored altogether in the letter. Justice Kasmire a amount of he law points referred to by the District Attorney for the Coroner's information. The question at issue still remains unsettled, and both parties are now awaiting a test case.

A SENSITIVE SUICIDE. About five o'clock yesterday morning the body of

Peter Reuther was found by a workman employed in the brewery of Joseph Henry, corner of Liberty and Shefield avenues, East New York, lying in the grass plot in front of the late residence of the deceased. Tho man immediately informed his employer of the circumstance, and the examination of the corpse showed that deceased had shot himself with a revolver in the right temple, the ball passing throught the brain and producing instant death. The weapon was found by it is side. In one of the pockets of Reuther, who worked for Mr. Heury in the brewery until May 31, were found for Mr. Henry in the brewery until May \$1, were found two letters, showing that the act was one of deliberation and design. One of the letters was addressed to his former employer, and after thanking him for many kindly acts he had received at his hands the writer went on to state that he had been charged with having seduced a young girl while taking her home in a carriage from Jones Woods some weeks ago. This accusation, he declared, was faise and totally without foundation, and he had not the courage to bear up against the charge. The other letter was addressed to a woman residing in Allen street, New York, providing for his burial and a disposition of his edects. Reutber was thirly live years of age, a native of Germany and unmarried. His employer speaks highly of his character for industry and sobrioly. Coroner Simms was notified to hold an inquest on the body.

SUICIDES.

of 'neglecting to take proper measures to investigate and cause the arrest of the parties concerned in the outrage committed upon Katle Kehoe." Sergeant Masterson was also charged with lailing to enter the case upon the returns. Sergeant Masterson was accused of an other and the returns of the case on the biotter, and Roundsman Carney with having lailed to investigate and report the case when ordered to do so. The Captain denied the charge, and explained that the sergeants had failed to make the proper entries on the biotter and roturns. Masterson testined when the case was reported to him at nine o'clock on the Sunday evening in question by a man, who was very fithly in appearance, he sent five officers out to go in search of the woman. They were absent half an hour, and, returning, reported they could near nothing of such an occurrence. He men sent the roundsman to the girl's house to find out whether she was missing. On Tuesday morning he sent in his report to Headquarters. Sergeant Sheridan, who relieved Masicraon at the desk, testified that when Roundsman Carney returned he told him Kate was missing from the house, and witness then sent out the reserve to look for her. Kate Kehoe's statement charged that a stout policionan, with a sandy mustache, came to the woods where she was held presoner, at eleven o'clock and arrested one of the ruitians, but let him go after taking a drink from a bottle given him by a man. After some further testimony the case was adjourned till Tuesday next.

A MYSTERIOUS CASE.

Robert Dillon was found dead in bed at his boarding house, No. 120 Wyckoff street, South Brooklyn, yesterday morning. Yesterday morning the landlady heard him breathing heavily, and on going to his bodside found that he was dying. She sent for Dr. Bell, of Warren street, but Mr. Dillon was dead before the physician arrived. The doctor found by the bedside a vial containing what is supposed to be extract of contum, or hemlock. The druggest states that no such drug was sold at his store. Dr. Shepard will make a post-morten examination of the body and the inquest will be held to-day by Coroner Simms. Deceased was a wildower, of English birth, forty-four years of age, and leaves four children. day morning. Yesterday morning the landlady heard

COUNTERFEIT CHAMPAGNE.

NEW YORK, June 8, 1876.

To the Epitor of the Herald:—

The report in yesterday's issue of your paper, although in the main a correct account of the proceedings, does me great injustice and may prejudice me before the public. I, therefore, ask room to simply state the facts. Mr. Philip Hone, from whom I had been purchasing Philadelphia sies and porter, told me in December last that he had purchased a lot of chamrence), and wished me to take some. I told him that he might send me one case of quarts and one of pints. he might send me one case of quarts and one of pinta. He sent them to me, and I sold them. I had no idea or suspicion or any cause for any suspicion on that it was not the genome 6. H. Mumm & Co. 's champagne, Subsequently Mr. Frederick De Barry, agent for that wine in this city, called upon me personally and exhibited to me a bottle, on which he said there was a label that was a very elever mitation of the label on the Mumm & Co. 's champagne. Thereafter, with the intention of making an examination of the wine, I ordered from Mr. Hone another case, which he sent to the store. When that came I was absent, and, as I am informed, Mr. Hone's wagon had scarcely left the door before a young man came, who stated that Mr. Hone was short of "pints" and wanted the case returned, and the cierk, without knowledge of any of the circumstances, returned the case. And this is all that I have ever had to do with the alleged counterfet champagne. It is enough for me to say that I have ever sold any article with a counterfet tabel on. Of this my customers are the best judges. Respectfully yours, JAMES S. JACKSON, No. 842, &c., Sixtu avenue.

STABBING AFFRAY.

Rebert Reed, a colored girl seventeen years of res of No. 91 Varick street, received two severe stat wounds in her right arm at her residence yesterday